



# The



# LOS ANGELES

# Times



MONDAY MORNING.

VOL. XXXVII

JULY 1, 1918.

More Feathers for His Cap!



## Kaiser Orders Monastery Shelling Stopped Cause Monk is Only Man Who Knows Where Kin is Buried

(BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, June 30.—There is an interesting development in connection with the hostile shelling of the territory around Mont Des Cats, where the famous Trappist monastery is located. For weeks the Germans have been bombarding this Flemish elevation heavily. Recently the Emperor wrote a letter to the German commander asking that Mont Des Cats be spared because the aged prior of the monastery was the only living person who knew where the Emperor's relative, Prince Max of Hesse, had been buried after his death in the monastery in October, 1914. The Prince was attached to the cavalry which occupied Mont Des Cats in October after the outbreak of the war.

During an engagement with British cavalry Prince Max was mortally wounded and taken to the monastery. While he was being nursed by the monks his comrades were driven from the hill and the British occupied it. The Prince died and was buried in a certain place, the location of which was not disclosed to the world.

The German Emperor wrote a letter to the Pope, in which he asked for information as to where the Prince was buried and requested the return of the body. The Pontiff forwarded the letter to the monastery, and it was then that the Emperor received the famous reply—not until he had evacuated Belgium and made just restitution would he learn the whereabouts of the Prince's grave.

The Emperor now appears to be worried that his guns may kill the only man able to give him the desired information, but his request to spare the place, if he made such a request, seems to have met with small response thus far, for big shells continue to break on the monastery.

## DEATH BATTALION'S CHIEF BEGS ARMY FOR RUSSIA.

Noted Woman Reaches Washington to  
Ask Action by President.

(EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)

WASHINGTON, June 30.—Mme. Botchkareva, commander of the famous Battalion of Death, is in Washington to urge that an Allied force of 100,000 troops, made up of British, French, Americans and Japanese be sent into Russia to serve as a nucleus of a Russian fighting army of 1,000,000 which she believes would rise against Germany. She insists to lead this force herself, not as its military commander, but as representative to the Russian people of the good faith and sincerity of the Allied troops.

She already has the support of the Allied governments in her decided stand in favor of military intervention and hopes to persuade President Wilson that economic and material assistance unaccompanied by armed force would result only in injuring Russia and aiding Germany. If no action is obtainable, Mme. Botchkareva says she will return to Russia and tell her people that she has begged in vain for help, and that therefore the Allies are no better friends to Russia than the Germans. An Allied army she asserts would meet with joy by the Russian people and soldiers. The cadet party have invited her to the Social Revolutionary Chamber of Commerce, the Siberian Soviet and other representatives of the Russian people, representing the soul of the Russian and soldier, for I am both.

## SALOONS DWINDLE; SO DOES REVENUE.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

SAN FRANCISCO, June 30.—The number of saloons in this city decreased by 770 during the fiscal year which ends with this month, according to information furnished by the Board of Supervisors by the City and County Tax Collector.

The accompanying loss in revenue to the city was estimated at \$28,575. In the preparation of the budget for the coming year, the income from saloon licenses is placed at \$400,000 as against the \$1,000,000 which it brought a few years ago.

## POPE'S QUARREL WITH ITALY'S IS FORGOTTEN.

BISHOP OF PONTIFICAL STATE  
LEADS CHEERS FOR THE  
ARMY.

(ATLANTIC CABLE—EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)

ROME, June 30.—"Beloved brethren, I would be falling in my duty if in this moment so solemn for our dear country if I did not ask you to send greetings to the unconquered and unconquerable army which has covered itself today with new glory," said Bishop Bianconi of the diocese of Cacciano, to a multitude of people in the public square.

This is all the more significant as Bishop Bianconi belongs to the province of Rome, where only fifty years ago the Pope was the temporal ruler. The patriotic priest ended with these words:

"Fervently hoping that our victory will hasten a just and lasting peace, I ask you to cry, 'Long live the army. Long live Italy!'"

This is the first instance of a member of the episcopacy in the former pontifical state crying "Long live Italy" in public.

## STRIKE TIES UP CAR LINES.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

COLUMBUS (O.) June 30.—Street car service in Columbus was at a standstill today because of a strike of union car men who walked out today because of the refusal of the company to restate seven of the men who were discharged Friday.

# New Foe Smash on Americans Looms

(BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)

WITH THE AMERICAN FORCES ON THE MARNE, June 30.—Excessive movements of troops and materials north of Chateau Thierry, together with the increased artillery and aerial activity, form the basis of the belief that American forces in this locality may be called upon to defend themselves shortly. Long streams of enemy troops and wagon trains have been observed in the neighborhood of the Bonnes Wood. There have been more than fifty enemy aerial flights over the American lines northwest of Chateau Thierry in the last twenty-four hours. One German machine was shot down by our anti-aircraft guns.

The American artillery has heavily shelled many vital spots within the enemy lines, once obtaining a direct hit in a detachment of marching Germans.

For days the Americans have been expecting the enemy, stung by the defeat administered recently here, would make a vigorous assault. It was partly for this reason the American operations in the Belleau section were carried out. With these operations completed, the Americans now have the country for several miles in front of them under their eyes and guns. When the expected blow comes they will be that much better prepared to meet it.

The American troops are prepared and the Germans will get a warm reception if they try what the situation indicates they have in mind. The Americans say that no matter where the enemy strikes he is bound to pay dearly for his effort and the bigger the target the better they will like it.

To the east of Chateau Thierry, along the River Marne, for constantly increasing long-range shelling on both sides, comparative quiet reigns. There has been no patrolling because the bright moonlight on the water prevents a crossing, but the American snipers have been so active in the last four days that the Germans rarely ever make an appearance.

# ITALIANS AGAIN STRIKE

At Country's Call.

## CAMPS FOR OFFICERS.

Draft to Include  
All Men Fit.

BY ARTHUR SEARS HENNING.

(EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)

WASHINGTON, June 30.—Radical reforms in the American military establishment, designed to place the United States on an adequate footing for the prosecution of a long war, are being worked out by the General Staff of the army as a part of the comprehensive army plan Secretary of War Baker has promised to submit to Congress in September.

The principal features of the prospective programme soon to be submitted to President Wilson are:

Extension of the draft age limits.

Military and vocational training for youths, under draft age.

Revision of the entire scheme of training officers and men for the National Army.

It was learned today that President Wilson already has approved many of the changes in the training system, and those which do not require additional authorization by Congress are being put into operation.

Perhaps the innovation which is most significant of the extent of the forthcoming plan for the raising and training of an army without limit, as proposed by the President, is the next system for training officers. As there is to be no limit to the army the nation is prepared to send overseas to crush the Hun, so there is to be no limit to the number of officers trained to lead them.

Beginning on September 1, officers' training camps will be established and kept in continuous session. They will also be the series of such camps held at stated intervals. There have been four of these camps, which have graduated officers enough for the army so far raised.

The officers' training camps established under the new plan will be the fifth of the series, though the numerical designation will be abandoned. They will also be the last of the series for the entire war, for they will be kept in session until the army has turned out the last of the last reserves called out to make certain the defeat of Germany.

Every two weeks, beginning with September 1, classes will be started.

(Continued on Second Page.)

Must Disgorge.

## NO BLOCK PROFITEER.

Congress to Take  
All Excess.

(EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)

WASHINGTON, June 30.—

Practically confiscatory taxation of war profits under the forthcoming revenue bill is assured as a result of the Trade Commission's revelations of profiteering by many large industries producing necessities of life and war materials required by the government.

An extension of price fixing and an overhauling of the existing price-fixing machinery which failed to prevent profiteering are also among the measures that Congress will consider in connection with the commission's findings. Some leaders in Congress are giving their attention to the possibility of enacting a severe anti-profiteering law.

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(Continued on Second Page.)

## NAVY'S FIRST DOWN SEAPLANE.

American Ensign Killed in  
Initial Victory Over  
the Hun.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

WASHINGTON, June 30.—

Shooting down of the first German seaplane, to be destroyed by an American naval aviator is credited by the Navy Department in a statement issued last night to Ensign Stephen Potter, United States Navy, Reserve Force, who was killed on April 25, in a fight with seven enemy planes.

Photographs of the engagement last March 19, in which the German plane was brought down, have been received by the department.

time. We were charged at that time with seeking to break down our industries and to embarrass the prosecution of the war. But such charges will not avail at this time in my judgment.

## PROFITEERING MUST GO.

"I have no sympathy with an attack on big business simply because it is big or successful. But every man in these days must serve according to his ability. Until this war is over and until the war debt is paid, those who have the genius and ability to make money should gladly contribute of their ability and genius in the way of turning over all profits, above a reasonable profit, to the government."

"Hundreds of thousands of people are suffering themselves the comforts and necessities of life in order to save and to contribute to the government. Under such conditions no one should wish and no one should be allowed to take for his private gain more than a modest profit or more than a modest income."

## PRESIDENT COMMENTS ELKS' PARADES PLAN.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

NEW YORK, June 30.—

President Wilson yesterday approved patriotic parades in connection with conventions of representative men in a letter to Fred Harper, Grand Exalted Ruler of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks.

Mr. Wilson's letter, made public here, follows:

"I am complimented that you should consult me about the character of the convention which the order is expecting to hold this year, but I feel a very great and unaffected diffidence in offering any advice; only this is clear to me, that it would be highly advantageous from every point of view if every convention of this sort of men, influential throughout the country, should be devoted to the very serious consideration of the ways in which concerted action can assist in the solution of the manifold problems which confront the country in the conduct of the war. The parade might naturally be the occasion of such councils and suggest to the eyes of the people who witness it the very serious purpose and the united sentiment of the order."

On to Vienna.

## RUSH OF ALLIED TROOPS GAIN ALL OBJECTIVES

Diaz Hits a Unexpected Point; Takes  
Key to Teuton's Positions;  
May End Offensive.

(BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)

ROME, June 30.—Italian forces, supported by Allied troops, attacked the Austro-Hungarian positions on the Italian mountain front, Saturday and captured Monte di Valbella after a bitter struggle. The Italian War Office announces that more than 800 Austro-Hungarians were taken prisoners.

Strong enemy counter-attacks throughout the day and night were repulsed by the fire of the Italian infantry, artillery and machine guns.

## "MADE IN VIENNA."

(BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)

VIENNA (via London) June 30.—While admitting that the Italians, in hand-to-hand fighting, penetrated the Austrian first lines on Monte di Valbella, the Austrian War Office in its official communication today declares that the Italians were driven back shortly afterward by counter-attacks.

Attacking the Austro-Hungarian lines on the Asiago Plateau, the Italians have taken Monte di Valbella, capturing 800 prisoners and have held it against repeated counter-attacks.

This turn to the offensive came as a surprise to the Germans of the Allied world, for it was believed that Gen. Diaz would be content to hold his lines in the mountains against a new offensive intended by the Austrians and Germans.

The Italian attack was not limited to Monte di Valbella. On the left bank of the Brenta they captured the height of Sasso Rosso, just north of the village of Valstagna.

These actions may explain the failure of the Italians to pursue the Austrians across the Piave, when, on June 23, the enemy fled from the front, gained strong positions at vital points and broken up some of the preparations made by the enemy for an offensive.

It is not believed Gen. Diaz plans to go further than local objectives, but if he should make such progress on the Asiago Plateau he could be able to take under his artillery fire the railroad paralleling the battle line and running along the Brenta River east of Lake Caldionzo.

This line is the connecting link between the Piave and Adige rivers and if the Italians could dominate it, the Austrian system of communications would be seriously impaired.

The French are continuing their "nibbling" north of the Marne. Friday they swept the Germans from the environs of Villers-Cotterets Forest, southwest of Soissons. Saturday night they attacked the German lines a little to the north of the Ciglian River and just to the left of positions held by Americans. A long ridge between the villages of Monzon and Paisy-Vallois was occupied and 250 prisoners taken. Near St. Pierre Aigle, the French positions were improved by a local attack.

The British repulsed an enemy assault near Meris, near where the Germans were driven back east of Nieppe Forest on Friday. The British official statement mentions heavy German artillery fire before Amiens.

The official statement issued at Berlin says that artillery firing has increased between the Yser and the Marne, which includes virtually all of the active battle zone. There is a report that Aleksis Romanoff, son of the former Russian Emperor, is alive, notwithstanding dispatches telling of his recent death.

## ITALIAN REPORT.

(BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)

ROME, June 30.—The text of the official Italian statement reads:

"On the Asiago Plateau, where our heroic resistance on June 14 crushed the impetus of the preponderant enemy forces and where in daily acts of bravery Italian troops have become united in action and in glory with the British and French Allies, fighting yesterday began anew."

"Twenty-one enemy officers and 718 soldiers of other ranks, besides 100 prisoners of war, were made prisoners. Cannon, trench mortars and numerous machine guns were captured."

"Further east, between the Fossalta Valley and the Brenta River, one of our parties took by assault a well-fortified observation point on the southern slopes of Sasso Rosso, capturing 20 officers and thirty-one men."







**Presages Attack?**  
**ENEMY ACTIVE**  
**ON OUR FRONT.**  
— — —  
*More than Usually Alert,*  
*Says Communique.*

**Huns Continue Rear Work  
Construction.**

**Americans Capture 36, Inflict  
Losses on Foe.**

[BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.]

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The American war communique today is as follows:

"Section A—Raiding and patrolling have been marked at several points. In Richard's morning patrol, a small detachment of our troops captured thirty-six prisoners, of whom 20 were killed. The inflicted and captured losses on the enemy. Our casualties were very small. In the Chateau Thierry region a strong hostile patrol was driven back and suffered severely in a patrol encounter. A raiding party, which attempted to reach the line, was completely repulsed by rifle fire.

Section B—In the Chateau Thierry region the day of June 26 to June

27, noon to noon, was marked by the operations of our troops south of Torcy, where our line was advanced for one-third of a mile and our positions improved with little opposition. Besides this, our infantry was active in continuous patrolling and our artillery in delivering harassing and destructive fire.

**DESTRUCTIVE ENEMY FIRE.**

"The German artillery shelled our positions in front and rear with considerable vigor. The Beileau, Clerembauts and Marette woods

along our front lines, as well as positions in the rear extending back several kilometers and covering most of the sector, received harassing and destructive fire during most of the time covered by this report. The hostile batteries were observed to be especially active from the vicinity of Torcy, Glivry and Petret, at all of which points they are able to find cover in patches of woods.

"The German machine-gun fire

was directed as formerly on the Belleau Wood and Hill 204. It originated mainly in the vicinity of the La Roche Wood, and the outskirts of Torcy. The German air forces were extremely active, but performed only reconnaissance

work. In the enemy's rear areas movements were mainly confined to small groups, although detachments numbering up to about 100 men were more than once observed. There was also considerable traffic of wagons and trucks.

"The enemy continues to construct works in and near the woods around Bouraches. In the early morning a large German patrol was

On being challenged by our listening posts it disappeared. From the firing and cries which were heard shortly after it is believed that the patrol was fired upon by its own

"Along the Marne from the early evening of June 26 to the early evening of June 27 there were no notable developments, except further increase in the activity of the Ger-

increase in the activity of the German artillery. The fire, which was almost entirely harassing and destructive over the front, and in some areas destructive only, included a considerable amount of shrapnel. The shrapnel fell mainly on the left

of our sector. The German airplanes showed an even greater increase in activity, flying up and down the Marne in numerous groups of two to seven machines.

**ENEMY ALERT.**  
In the enemy's rear areas a number of men were seen circulating in small groups and seemed to be continuing the pillage of French property which has been noticed on nu-

erous occasions on the north bank of the river. Fresh trenches are being constructed and new wire has been seen. In the enemy's line the enemy seemed to be more than usually alert.

The United States Army ambulance section No. 575 has been sent in the orders of the French army corps with which it is acting as follows:  
"American automobile sanitary

ction 575. Under the conduct of  
eutenant Moore, from April 16 to 28,  
insured day and night the rapid  
vacuation of all the wounded in a  
ry active sector, under a ceaseless  
mbardment which destroyed or

amaged a part of its material. The action carried out its mission without a break or failure, with a devotion, courage and sacrifice which were admired by all the units engaged."

**FORMER CZAR'S HEIR  
NOW REPORTED SICK.**

[BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.]  
LONDON, June 30.—The former  
own Prince, Alexis, of Russia, ac-  
cording to German papers, is in  
holisk, severely ill and unable to

undertake his journey to Yekaterinburg, where he planned to join his parents.<sup>10</sup>

His sister Tatiana is caring for him.

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## WATCH NERVOUS CHILDREN

Long before the child becomes awkward and begins dropping things there is a period in which the appetite is feeble and the patient is tired and listless.

The jerking movements characteristic of the disease come much later. In the early stages a good tonic for blood and nerves will go far toward preventing the development of

disease. But the tonic must be free from alcohol and opiates for these make the nervous condition much worse. When your child appears listless, prefers to sit and read rather than play and play and recovers altogether

these pills build up the blood, nourish the starved nerves and improve

There has been no increase in the price of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Your druggist sells them or you can order direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y. Price 50 cents.

Box, six boxes \$2.50. Booklet on  
ous disorders free.

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# American Forces Charge Inferno of Death With Song on Lips In First Baptism of Fire.

## "HAIL GANG'S ALL HERE" BATTLE CRY OF MARINES.

Our Men Rush to Aid of Hard Pressed French with Reckless Abandon.

BY HARRY A. WILLIAMS.  
[SPECIAL STAFF CORRESPONDENCE.]

WESTERN FRONT IN FRANCE, June 5.—Americans proved their mettle in Lorraine and in Picardy and at Cantigny, and never failed to perform with conspicuous heroism, but no American troops had ever stepped into such a hell as Chateau Thierry on that memorable afternoon when the fate of nations was hanging in the balance—a hell worse than any depicted in holy writ.

The American machine gunners dashed up in their camions. The French were hard pressed. Our men demanded that they be allowed to fight. Their offer was quickly accepted by the French general in command. And they went down into that pit singing, "Hail, Hail, the Gang's All Here; What the Hell Do We Care, What the Hell Do We Care."

And they didn't care. They fought with the reckless abandon of men who do not weigh their own lives in the balance. They proved, as the British did at Ypres and the French at the Marne, that men do not need to be beaten, schooled, fire to beat the Germans, schooled from childhood to be soldiers.

SUPERIOR TO EXPERIENCE. There is even something superior to experience. Call it personal courage or call it soul if you like. Men can rise to unbelievable heights when fighting for principle. Militarism is no match for them. This has been proven repeatedly. These machine gunners were the last to prove it. Teach any man with a conscience how to shoot straight and he will beat the Germans.

Justly submitting themselves to the orders of the French officers, the Americans established their guns in the streets leading to the quays and to the outskirts of the town. That afternoon the attack became more violent and the Germans managed to cut a hole through the French line. Through this the Germans rushed. The Americans did not falter, but stopped the Germans with their accurate fire in the streets which were flanking them. All that night and the following day the city was a scene of violent street fighting and of fighting from house to house.

INFERNO OF DEATH. Looking down into that inferno it seemed impossible that human life could exist, least of all men could retain their faculties and fight unwaveringly. Drenching the town were German shells of all calibers and kinds—shrapnel, gas and high explosive—while the Boche infantry hurled in a ceaseless stream of machine guns, gas and high explosive. The earth itself seemed erupting, while space crowded down to crush the temples.

But punctuating that demoniac din was the steady rattle of machine guns manned by Americans. Now and then one could catch the sound, as you might the sound of a peevish rattle in a hundred boiler-factories. These men were tasting real war for the first time and they were taking it like veterans.

Finally, under orders, they retired toward the Marne. In conjunction with the French they protected the big bridge until the Allied troops had passed, these having been instructed to regroup themselves on the other bank. The Germans, surging in from all sides, started to follow them across the bridge, when the structure reared up in the center to accompaniment of a terrific explosion. Allied engineers had done their work well and the charge went off at exactly the right time.

GRUESOME SPLASHES. German bodies and fragments of bodies went hurtling into the air and sprayed the water beneath with gruesome splashes. The Americans did not sicken at this sight. It was a case of killing or getting killed, and they coolly continued pouring lead into those German who still remained on the bridge. Remembering the things which the Germans had committed, they killed by wholesale and without compunction. This fight as all others, the Americans in those momentous days, thrilled all France.

Commenting on the work of the Americans at Cantigny the Main said: "Among these troops a real emotion is due to the Americans, who had hardly taken their place in the line before they distinguished themselves by strategical out a tactical position in an important sector. They showed themselves full of dash, keen in attack and firm as rocks in defense. These young and athletic soldiers have, in a few weeks, achieved the feat of proving themselves the equals of their French and British comrades who were their instructors. The Americans, who used to make fun of the Transatlantic soldiers, have had cause to alter their opinion."

Another French writer gives his impression of our fighting men as follows: "I had a talk with the American machine gunners, who are all fine fellows, with long bodies, and muscular legs, and whose movements are very supple, and in whom a certain indolence succeeds to precise activity, who go straight to the goal and who overthrow all obstacles. I asked them about their impressions, which I thought were very strong after such a fight. But they did not, I could see, understand much about my questions, which to them seemed a useless and contemptible foolery. They have come over to us to make war. They make it. That is all. But they wish to do so rapidly and thoroughly, just as a man would wish to get through a necessary but annoying job."

They have not, like us, a taste for show, military tenses, and have not been trained as we have in barracks to place packages in line. They have no taste for sweeping the yard of their quarters. Neither have they, like the English, who have it so strongly, the taste for temporarily transforming their camp into something like home and comfort.

### CHARGE SOLDIER WITH CHAUFFEUR'S MURDER.

PORTLAND (Or.) June 30.—Alvin Adams, a soldier from Fort Casey, Wash., was arrested here yesterday, charged with the murder of Milton Raynor, a Seattle chauffeur, who was found slain near Redmond, Wash. Adams was driving Raynor's car when arrested.

### A RIZONA TO SELL BREAD BY CARD.

Record of All Customers to be Kept by Bakers and Grocers.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)  
BISBEE (Ariz.) June 30.—A card system for sales of bread, flour and flour pastry will be inaugurated throughout Arizona tomorrow, according to announcement made here last night by the local grocers' and bakers' association.

Blank cards now are in the hands of grocers and bakers who will begin early tomorrow to enroll customers. State Food Administrator Riordan decided on the measure after an experimental card system installed in Maricopa county had proved successful.

In pursuance to his law, and in accordance with the information contained in the answers to the questionnaires, placed in five classes, as follows:

Class 1, 2,428,447.  
Class 2, 504,466.  
Class 3, 1,432,326.  
Class 4, 1,839,856.

An analysis of Class 1 from which the soldiers were exclusively drawn, shows:

CLASSED FIGURES.  
Total number classified in Class 1, 1,432,326.

Delinquents, 324,434.  
Emergency Fleet Corporation list, 35,145.  
Limited service men, 216,529.

Remediable defectives, 50,368.  
Cases pending and not physically examined on date of last report, 168,643.

Total reductions from gross Class 1, 1,305,858.

Fighting men, 1,674,871.  
The total number of men called to August 1, 1918, including 280,000 for July, amounts to 1,347,812.

This leaves remaining on August 1, 1,771,859 men. The estimate of fighting men to be obtained from the June 5 registration of those who had become 21 in the last year preceding is 400,000. The estimate of fighting men in Class 1 to be obtained from rectification, work-order, flight order, decision of pending cases, and miscellaneous sources, is 400,000. Qualifying soldiers are available after July calls are filled, 877,350. The estimated call for the month of 1918 are:

August, 200,000.  
September, 150,000.  
October, 150,000.  
November, 150,000.  
December, 125,000.  
Total, 875,000.

### MEXICAN EDITORS TO SEE SEATTLE SIGHTS.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)  
SEATTLE, June 30.—Acquiring a cumulative spirit of enthusiasm for their tour of the country, twenty Mexican editors arrived here today for a three-day visit.

After spending today resting at their hotel they will be formally welcomed tomorrow morning at 2 o'clock by a reception committee of the Seattle Chamber of Commerce and Commercial Club. During their stay they will inspect the numerous shipyards and will witness a launching.

### THE DAY'S NEWS SUMMED UP.

THE SKY. Cloudy. Wind at 5 p.m. southwest, 10 to 15 miles. Thermometer, highest, 71 deg.; lowest, 63 deg. Forecast: Monday, cloudy. Probably showers in morning.

For complete weather data see last page of this section.

TIE CITY. Three negroes were arrested by the police following the raids of two bandit gangs who held up and robbed twenty-one people.

Chief of Police Butler ordered the war squad enlarged to vigorously enforce Federal government's work or fight order.

Registrar of Voters Lyons in announcement declared 73 per cent. of last year's total registration is now on the books to vote at August primaries.

Angeleno, who was forced to abandon burning vessel for no apparent reason, arrived at a voyage fraught with hardships.

Four anti-liquor measures will be placed on the ballot at the November election, it was indicated.

Red Cross worker announced her plan to organize hotels and apartment-houses of the city to increase salvage work.

After a separation of more than twelve years, Los Angeles hotelier and his second wife and two sons arrived from Orient.

The person who opposes Hoover and the Food Administration was likened to a pig by speaker at patriotic Exposition Park rally.

Dr. Charles Edward Locke referred to Germans as "mother murderers" and "baby-killers" in sermon in which he declared Hun monster must be killed.

Loan sharks were severely arraigned by Dr. J. Whitcomb Broucher in his sermon on the modern Shrike.

Dr. George Davidson attacked the salacious film in his sermon and declared board of censors should be appointed at once.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA. Patriotic ceremony marks presentation of flag to members of Marine Children's Home at Corona.

Pasadena police department reorganized with a view of meeting war-time economy.

Mexican orange pickers near Alhambra strike for higher wages; temporarily handicaps growers.

PACIFIC SLOPE. League is formed in San Francisco with view of making unit of several thousand Hungarians in that district to aid in war.

Grape growers meet at Merced to outline rules for marketing this year's crop. Inferior fruit not to be shipped.

Three men, said to have been among most active I.W.W. propagandists, indicted by grand jury of San Francisco police.

### OPERATORS TO GO ON STRIKE.

Head of Commercial Telegraphers Names July 8.

Men in this District Expected to Ignore the Call.

Big Majority Known as Loyal in War Emergency.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)  
CHICAGO, June 30.—J. Koenig, president of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America, tonight announced that he had issued a call for a strike of the members of the union employed by Western Union Telegraph Company, effective at 7 a.m., eastern time, Monday, July 2.

The announcement in part follows:

"The strike against the Western Union Telegraph Company will be effective at 7 a.m., eastern time, at the corresponding hour of 6 a.m., central time, Sunday, July 1. Official announcement of the time has been sent to the Order of Railroad Telegraphers and the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers for their information and guidance."

The grievances to be adjusted as those set forth in President Wilson's letter to the Western Union Telegraph Company as (1) the retention of the company's decision, statement of over 500 Western Union employees locked out contrary to the terms of its proclamation of April 8, 1918, and (2) to enforce the decision of the National War Board dated June 1, 1918. In this letter to the Western Union Telegraph Company, Wilson asked officials of that company to co-operate with him by accepting the labor board's decision.

This company declined to do so, similar letters addressed to the Postal Telegraph Company and to your union brought forth an expression of their willingness to comply with his request.

"The strike against the Western Union alone is necessary because of that company's determination to become 21 in the last year preceding. We have no desire to be subjected to tyranny and this strike will be justified to the boys at the front because of its purpose. It is the last resort to preserve our organization from annihilation."

If the Commercial Telegraphers' Union members who are employees of the Western Union Telegraph Company go out on strike on Monday, July 8, in accordance with an order which was issued yesterday by J. Koenig, the union's president, the walkout will have no effect upon the Western Union Company in this district.

This statement was authorized last night by H. McPhee, superintendent of the Western Union Telegraph Company in Southern California, Arizona, Southwestern Nevada and the San Joaquin Valley. He declared that his district is absolutely neutral.

"It is my firm belief that the operators of the union are not members of the union," said Mr. McPhee last night. "I base this belief upon the fact that a few days ago 254 out of about 218 members of the local operating force voluntarily forwarded to President Carlson a telegram in which they vigorously protested that Koenig did not and does not represent them, and that they do not wish to be represented by him. Koenig has no followers here beyond, possibly, a few stragglers."

For Nervous Conditions. Harvard's new "relaxer" relieves brain fatigue and invigorates the nervous system.

Start today to buy War Savings Stamps

An excellent investment and a patriotic duty

Victor

HIS MASTER'S VOICE

Out to-day New Victor Records for July

Caruso and de Gogorza sing a delightful duet

"In the Moonlight"—a typical Spanish song of exquisite beauty. A superb rendition that will evoke the applause of thousands of Victor enthusiasts.

"The War Baby's Lullaby" by Geraldine Farrar

This timely little lullaby with its crooning melody and tender sentiment is admirably sung with Farrar's characteristic expressiveness.

Alma Gluck presents a beautiful old favorite

A record of "Angels Ever Bright and Fair" that makes this beloved number seem more beautiful than ever—so superb is Gluck's interpretation.

A song of tender memories by John McCormack

"Little Mother of Mine." A simple beautiful song interpreted with all the wealth of feeling McCormack can so ably bestow.

Harry Lauder sings a cheery new "soldier" song.

Marches by Sousa and Caruso are among the band records.

Ten inspiring vocal and instrumental war-time numbers.

Hear these new Victor Records to-day at any Victor dealer's. He will gladly give you an illustrated booklet describing these new records and play any music you wish to hear. Sanger Voice Culture Records are invaluable to vocal students—ask to hear them.

Victors and Victorals in great variety from \$12 to \$350.

Victor Talking Machine Co., Camden, N. J.

Important Notice. Victor Records and Victor Machines are scientifically coordinated and synchronized in the processes of manufacture, and use, one with the other, is absolutely essential to a perfect reproduction.

New Victor Records demonstrated at all dealers on the 1st of each month.

Victrola

is the Registered Trademark of the Victor Talking Machine Company designating the products of this Company only.

622 South Spring

### WOULD HIT EXEMPTED MEN OF DRAFT AGE.

MADDED DRAFTING BILL TO AFFECT ALL GOVERNMENT WORKERS.

(EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH.)  
WASHINGTON, June 30.—Men of draft age who have been appointed to positions in the government departments since the declaration of war, and have been exempted from military service at the request of department chiefs, will be cut off the pay roll if Congress passes a bill now being prepared by Representative Madden of Illinois.

Mr. Madden obtained the incorporation in a recent appropriation bill of an amendment withholding the payment of any part of the appropriation for the Committee on Public Information for employees of draft age who had been exempted for occupational reasons. About forty members of George Creel's staff have been deprived of their positions by the operation of that amendment. The Chicago Congressman now proposes to extend this process to other government agencies.

trouble makers who are here, there and everywhere, the information that money which comes out of the pockets of the men."

Supt. McPhee branded Koenig's strike order as a great bluff. "I don't know what success he may have in Chicago or Washington, but I know he won't meet with success here," said the superintendent. "The union men must be proud of a leader who would order a strike in these times. But this man Koenig is that sort of a person who is a father of a nation in the German army."

For Nervous Conditions. Harvard's new "relaxer" relieves brain fatigue and invigorates the nervous system.

Start today to buy War Savings Stamps

An excellent investment and a patriotic duty

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622 South Spring

### NAVAL APPROPRIATION BILL UP TO WILSON.

CONGRESS COMPLETES MEASURE PROVIDING FUNDS FOR NEW VESSELS.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)  
WASHINGTON, June 30.—Congress completed the \$1,610,000,000 naval appropriation bill late yesterday, and sent it to the President for his signature.

Senate amendments proposing the rank of lieutenant general for the commandant of the Marine Corps, authorizing payment of bonuses to government employees on navy work, and providing for promotions from the navy staff to the line, were stricken from the bill in a conference report adopted by both houses.

An agreement on the question of bonus payments to workmen leaves in effect the present law, which prohibits both the bonus and stop-work system of speeding up work.

HAIT FOREST FIRE.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)  
GARDNERVILLE (Nev.) June 30.—Forest rangers, with ranchers and stockmen, succeeded yesterday in halting a forest fire which had burned for two days in the Mono National Forest, in Alpine county, California. Eighty acres were burned, it was reported by J. Voliers, acting forest supervisor.

GIRLS JOIN NAVY.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)  
WASHINGTON, June 30.—The Minges Burleson, daughters of Postmaster-General Burleson, have entered the naval service as second class yeomen, and have been assigned to the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts.

THIRTY LARGE SHIPS TOTAL FROM SEATTLE.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)  
SEATTLE, June 30.—With the delivery of three big steel freighters to the United States Shipping Board last week, Seattle shipbuilders wound up the first half of 1918 with a total of thirty steel ships delivered, according to compilations made here. Twenty-five of these ships were of 1800 tons, one 12,000 tons, one 10,000 tons and three 7600 tons.

must, through training, become accustomed to subordinate his will to that of his superior."

It must be understood that the lack of discipline is not found wanting among Prussians, nor the best of the Kaiser's soldiers, but the western front more than a third of the men were brought from the Russian front. These are by no means up to the usual German standard and include Poles, Alsatians and others whose loyalty to the Pan-Germanist war is not strong. It is also learned from prisoner reports that this class inclines toward propaganda while they were on the eastern front.

The Allied commanders have evidence that Gen. (deleted), commanding the German army opposite the Americans northwest of Chateau Thierry, recently issued an order which charged that there were grave lapses both in the personnel and in matters of discipline.

The general demanded to know whether regimental commanders were capable of enforcing their will on their subordinates and of maintaining strict discipline within their units. The general observed that the importance of maintaining iron discipline was no longer understood anywhere in the German army.

One captured order said: "The belief in our famous training has become superfluous and false. It will be conducted not as an aim in itself, but as the means to an end. I shall explain: A man

counter-attack by the deserting to retake it of Nieppe Forest, was gained early in the last and the German has been limited to some extent amount to 400 men. Two German machine guns were captured.

I see by the German are putting out faint of the attack, exaggerated we had in view, our men were repulsed outside the village. The truth is, we left the Australians small enterprises in a main attack by battalions with remnants and rapidly bringing forty prisoners and machine guns yesterday morning.

There was no information except a few at both sides and the end has not been very active on our front apart from heavy shelling and the bombardment of the Bethune and some gas of Bousincom, near Arras.

STILL, WAR. Still waiting for the German offensive with an enormous effort in the air situation. Looking back on months, especially at the time when, for our armies were hard had to fight continual actions against overwhelming numbers, when our losses

FER-MIL

YOU'RE its rich smack and flavor. It's you, too—helping you and building constitution.

Los Angeles Creamery

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622 South Spring



















**BUSINESS CHANCES—**  
Of Many Kinds.

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## TO KNOCK OUT THE SALOONS.

Four "Anti" Measures will be Voted on in November.

Dyed-in-the-Wool Prohibitionists Urge Sweeping Action.

Other Organizations Would Save the Vineyards.

Four anti-saloon measures will be presented to the voters at the November election.

Three of the propositions provide for the extermination of strong drinks, but would permit the sale of light wines and beer, the maximum contents of alcohol to be 21 per cent.

The fourth proposition would make California bone dry on January 1, next year. It is proposed by the out-and-out prohibitionists and is not approved by the California Anti-Saloon League. It is stated.

Of the four propositions three are State-wide in their scope, one affecting Los Angeles exclusively. It is a bill sponsored by local business men, who have formed an organization to be known as the Los Angeles Rominger League. The league has established headquarters in the Lichtenbach Building, Otto Scons being the president.

The league's bill is identical to the same as the State-wide Rominger measure, with one exception, which is a change in the dates of enforcement of the law. It provides that the law shall become effective within thirty days after adoption, while the State-wide Rominger bill fixes July 1 of next year.

**WILL OPOSE IT.**  
The Rominger bill provides that the saloon shall be wiped out and that no liquor containing more than 21 per cent of alcohol may be sold in the State after that date. The bill also provides that the State shall be a "dry" State.

It is assumed that the Gandler forces will oppose both measures, and surely the bill advocated by the Los Angeles Rominger League. The Gandler law closes cafes and hotel dining-rooms at 9 p.m. and makes the maximum of alcohol 14 per cent. This provides for the sale of light wines. Backers of the Rominger bill will make their principal argument in the interest of the California vineyards, which represent an investment of millions of dollars.

The fourth proposition is sponsored, it is understood, by the liquor dealers of San Francisco, who have formed the ultimate elimination of the saloon. The bill is known as the "lavern law."

**MUST SIT DOWN.**

It provides as follows:  
After July 1, 1918, prohibits traffic in beverages exceeding 21 per cent alcohol, for consumption on premises, or any alcoholic beverages in quantities under two gallons except by "lavern keepers" and "sealed package dealers" licensed by local authorities; allows former to dispense beverages not exceeding such percentage for consumption on the premises by retail, and any license to dispense beverages of any percentage in sealed packages containing one pint or more for consumption elsewhere; except religious, medicinal, scientific and home uses; prescribes other regulations and penalties.

The California Anti-Saloon League is opposed to the proposed bone dry measure because it desires to concentrate its work upon the election of a "dry" Legislature. This was agreed upon at the Fresno convention. Not long ago the people of California voted down the "dry" proposition by a majority of 141,000 votes. Anti-saloon men are of the opinion that it is too big a job to attempt to "put over" a dry bill and elect a "dry" Legislature. If the latter can be elected, the anti-saloon people will be satisfied, they say, because it will result in California's approval of the national bone dry amendment.

It is understood that a large sum of money is to be raised to conduct the fight for the Los Angeles Rominger League. Cafe and hotel men are reported to be joining with wholesalers and business men, who have suffered a loss of business since the Gandler law knocked out so many firms, leaving a large number of vacant stores. If the local Rominger bill should carry, the league believes that the people will be better satisfied and know that the liquor business will be greatly benefited.

## TO FIGHT BATTLE OF PROHIBITION.

DRY WORKER SAYS A SOBER CITIZENRY MUST BACK UP SOBER FIGHTERS.

In addresses in St. Paul's Pro-Cathedral and the South Pasadena Methodist Episcopal Church, Dr. Howard H. Russell, founder and associate national superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, voiced the necessity of having a sober citizenry to back up a sober army and navy during the war.

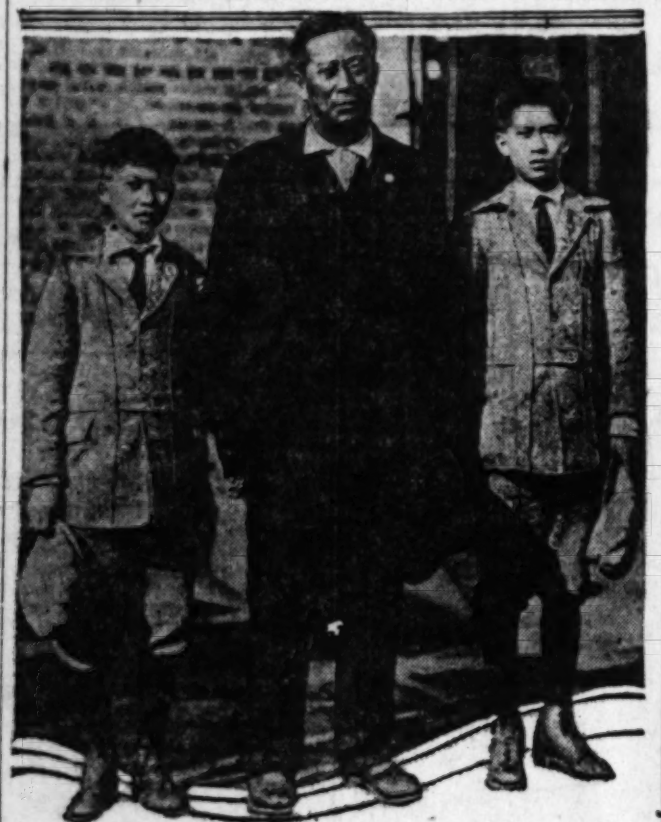
"As a war-winning measure war-time prohibition is vitally necessary," he said. "For the first time in our history we have a sober army and navy. It is necessary that we have sober civilians to back up our fighters."

"Our attention is directed to the necessity for strict food conservation when we ponder the thought that the breweries used 75,000,000 bushels of grain and 1,000,000 tons of coal last year, to say nothing of leading enough cars to make a continuous train 10,000 miles long."

The speaker called attention to the fact that twelve States in the Union have already declared themselves for permanent prohibition. He expressed the belief that at least twenty more States will this year declare themselves in favor of a Constitutional amendment to stop the manufacture of liquor in this country. He is calling upon California to stand with Oregon and Washington to make the Pacific Coast solidly in favor of a sober nation.

Our minister says that other religions teach the immortality of the soul, but Christianity alone teaches that there is a resurrection of the body. He says you should take good care of your body, because it is a candidate for eternal life.

## An Oriental Reunion in the Occident.



Jue Joe (center) and his two sons. They are: left, Jue Sun Tong, 13 years of age, and right, Jue Sun You, 18.

## DADDY WELCOMES FAMILY FROM ACROSS THE SEAS.

UNITED after a separation of more than a dozen years, one of the happiest families in Los Angeles today is that of Jue Joe, well-known Chinese merchant and marketman.

A few days ago, Jue Joe's two sons and their mother arrived from the province of Sun Wai, China. Jue Sun You is 18 years old, and Jue Sun Tong is 13. Jue Joe had not seen them nor his wife since the youngest boy was a few months old.

The lady was immensely pleased at the prospect of coming to America.

## BANDITS ROB TWENTY-ONE.

(Continued from First Page.)

boulevard and Marston street. Stapsle was forced to enter the bandit's car and there relieved of \$25.

An unidentified man, who was in the car when Stapsle was made to climb in. The man lost \$15.

An unidentified woman, who was robbed when the bandits left Mr. Feary and crossed the street to rob her.

A party of three men and two women were held up by the bandits at Hoover and Clinton streets, Hollywood. Holding the men and women under the cover of a revolver, one of the bandits watched them while his partner was searching one victim at a time. They were: Russell Ellis of Clinton and Hoover streets, lost several dollars in change.

Neal Richardson of Middlebury street and Commonwealth avenue, lost a \$50 Liberty Bond and \$15 in cash.

## TRAINMEN HOLD VOTE ON STRIKE.

(Continued from First Page.)

the unionized motormen and conductors are between the ages of 21 and 25 years, and are subject to the draft. In the event of a strike many of them will doubtless come under the "work or fight" ruling recently made by the government, and effective this month.

The Pacific Electric has so arranged its affairs that it will be able to reorganize its forces very quickly in the event of strike trouble and every assurance is given that there will be no tie-up of traffic, officials declared last night.

## TO VISIT HARBOR.

Mexican Agricultural Minister will inspect Canneries with Delegation.

Pastor Rouaix, Secretary of Agriculture and Development in President Carranza's Cabinet, with the four other members of his agricultural commission to the United States, will visit the harbor early today for the purpose of inspecting the various stages of development through which the fisheries in this locality have passed in recent years.

Yesterday the party of distinguished Mexican officials spent the day at Venice, enjoying the bathing and mingling with one of the largest crowds seen at the popular beach resort this year. The commissioners will remain in and around Los Angeles until the last part of the week, after which they will return to Mexico by way of Imperial Valley.

## DOG THIEVES ABROAD.

REDLANDS, June 30.—The police of this city and other cities of the valley have posted notices warning the owners of valuable dogs to keep close watch on them for a gang of well organized dog thieves has been working in this section for several days. A number of fine animals have disappeared and two stolen from this city returned showing signs of ill treatment and hardship, indicating that they had escaped and come some distance.

## Los Angeles Daily Times.

## WILL INCREASE SALVAGE WORK.

Red Cross Worker Conceives Plan to Broaden Scope.

Apartments and Hotels to be Efficiently Organized.

Systematic Collections will be Made Over City.

Steps have been taken by Mrs. Beth Curtis of No. 1335 South Hope street, chairman of the Red Cross salvage and the War Savings committee for apartments and hotels, to organize 1600 apartment-house and hotel managers of Los Angeles for the furthering of Red Cross work in their hostilities. The work is to be done in connection with the district salvage bureau to aid in the collection of salvage and to swell the proceeds of the salvage fund. With an average of \$3 a month per house, nearly \$5000 a month can be realized, Mrs. Curtis stated yesterday.

"The handling and collection of apartment-house and hotel salvage has presented a great problem to the Red Cross workers," Mrs. Curtis stated yesterday at headquarters. "As manager of an apartment myself, I see that a solution can be found for the problem by organizing the city into collection districts. We have gotten the precinct division from the registrar of voters, a measure that has saved us months of time."

## SYSTEMATIC PLAN.

"We shall have to create a method of collection and delivery from the apartments to the salvage bureau. If we want the managers to work in a systematic way with us in getting their salvage together, we shall have to co-operate with them. We will need the automobiles of about 500 private citizens to carry the salvage from the apartment-houses to their own district to the district salvage bureau, a work which can be completed at their own time and which in no instance will take more than an hour a day."

In addition, stated Mrs. Curtis, there is to be installed a desk at Red Cross headquarters for the use of a man whose duty it will be to inform the collectors of the location of salvage. He is to work in co-operation with the division captains who will telephone him daily for their instructions. A specific day, it was announced, will be set aside for salvage collection at each locality.

The work is to be carried on under the field department of the salvage bureau, which is under the direction of Mr. and Mrs. Budd Frankenhof. Already it has been organized by the Southern California Hotel Men's Association, the Southern California Apartment-House Association and the Co-operative Apartment-House Association.

**ACTIVE SCHEME.**  
Mrs. Frankenhof, speaking of the new movement, said: "It will be a most active agent in aiding the field department of the salvage bureau. As is now the case, my effort in establishing neighborhood salvage stations has been to lease the number of trucks necessary for collection of materials and to save gasoline and tires for the nation. Also we have tried to have all salvage located at one central point to have the time and strength of the collectors. Under the new system a great deal of valuable salvage, hitherto overlooked, will be taken to the precinct headquarters."

The managers are being enlisted by Mrs. Curtis by means of lists furnished her by the various hotel men's associations. When a name is obtained it is entered on a card index, together with the number of the precinct, name of the house, nearest salvage station, the salvage chairman of the district and the nearest Red Cross auxiliary. However, about 600 owners and managers of hostilities have been registered in any local association, and it is through The Times that Mrs. Curtis is sending out an appeal for aid in the movement.

## RED CROSS AFFAIRS.

To Give Garden Fair.

A Red Cross garden fair will be given Saturday from 1:30 p.m. to 8:30 p.m. by the 1400 employees of the Broadway Department Store at the Red Cross shoe, Eighth and Alvarado streets. Every year the employees of Arthur Lett's big store give a picnic, but this year they suggested that they give a Red Cross entertainment. Already more than 2500 tickets have been sold.

The fair will be held at the store, which is twenty-two booths, representing all of the Allies and all war activities. The committee of arrangements consists of Miss Philip, W. H. B. Kilmer, Arthur Strassburger, Harry Carroll and A. E. Bjostrom. W. Y. Smither, superintendent of the store, is general chairman. Every employee of the store has been assigned a definite part to take in the fair, the entire proceeds of which go to the Red Cross.

**To Serve Lunch.**  
All during this week the large sunny room above the shop of Albert Cohn, No. 217 South Main street, will be used as a busy little restaurant, where a luncheon of tea or coffee and sandwiches will be served for only 10 cents. The women of the East Hollywood Auxiliary will be in charge and act as waitresses.

## Red Cross Pledges.

Pledges due from the second Red Cross benefit dance will be received at Red Cross headquarters, Tenth and Main streets, but at the office of the Red Cross, No. 125 Merchants National Bank Building.

**Closed for Alterations.**  
Day after tomorrow the doors of Red Cross headquarters, Tenth and Main streets, will be closed, and until the 22nd inst. all production work, except the free cause stations, will be discontinued. Correlation alterations in the building, necessitated by the rapid growth of the organization, will be completed Saturday, and after that date the headquarters will be reopened, but for executive work only. The Red

**At Manhattan Beach.**  
A Red Cross benefit dance will be given on the night of the Fourth of July at Marine-avenue pavilion, Manhattan Beach, in charge of the Manhattan chapter of the Red Cross.

**Do Their Bit.**  
At Red Cross headquarters a few days ago, a troop of very starchy somewhat frightened little girls pre-

sented themselves, with an amazing donation of twelve whole dollars. An imposing person in a well demanded a "permit," another wanted to know the name of their auxiliary, but the little girls didn't know. No kindly teacher or auxiliary organizer had been their desire to do something for the soldiers "over there" that they had accomplished unaided what older workers might be proud to have done. Throughout their neighborhood, Myrtle and Santee streets, they solicited flowers which they made into diminutive nosegays and sold for 5 cents apiece. There were ten kiddies altogether, three boys and seven little girls, but that meant hard work for each one. The children are Virginia and William Rosson, Donald and Esther Landis, Anna Stevens, Anna Hauser, Dorothy Brennan, Thelma Engleloff, Blossom Armstrong and Herbert Swan.

# Announcement

Beginning Today the

## KASPARE COHN COMMERCIAL AND SAVINGS BANK

will be known as

# UNION BANK & TRUST CO.

OF LOS ANGELES

### SAVINGS COMMERCIAL TRUST

Since we have added a complete Trust Department it was deemed necessary to select a new name which would more fittingly express the broad banking service we are rendering the public.

Save for the addition of the Trust Department there will be no change in the organization or the personnel of its officers and directors. The same efficient, courteous service; the same sound, conservative policy that have yielded such splendid progress will be continued for the benefit of our ever-growing family of depositors.

You are cordially invited to avail yourself of the many superior advantages of this complete Savings, Commercial and Trust Bank.

**BEN. R. MEYER,**  
President.

**MILTON E. GETZ,**  
Vice-President.

**PAUL C. TURMAN,**  
Cashier.

**MORRIS KLEIN,**  
Assistant Cashier.

**C. E. SCHLOSSMANN,**  
Assistant Cashier.

**J. W. LEWIS,**  
Asst. Cashier & Trust Officer.

**CAPITAL, FULLY PAID, \$500,000.00**  
**Resources, Over \$3,000,000.00**

Entire Second Floor, Garland Building, 740 South Broadway

The Bank of Personal Service

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	\$1,871,715.76	Capital, paid in	\$ 500,000.00
U. S. Bonds and Certificates of Indebtedness	391,100.00	Surplus	54,000.00
Other Bonds	666,275.19	Undivided Profits	3,743.31
Furniture and Fixtures	9,400.00	Installments paid by subscribers on Liberty	
Other Resources	1,945.67	Loans	55,403.25
Cash and Sight Exchange	467,548.18	DEPOSITS	2,794,838.24
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$3,407,984.80</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>\$3,407,984.80</b>

**Save Paper**  
America is facing an acute shortage of this necessary commodity. Already prices have advanced to abnormal levels. This is due in large measure to the maintained consumption in face of the decreasing supply.

**Use Less Paper**

MONDAY MORNING

# RELIGION

Services Yesterday

THE PREACHING

GO INTO THE HIGH WILDERNESSES SEEKING

The inevitable result of world conflict is also inevitable—right will prevail. This was the message in various sermons yesterday. When the systems of the world are permeated by the spirit of Christ, then hatred, passion, and war will pass away, declare speakers.

**REV. E. F. DAUGHERTY**, First Presbyterian Church, preached on "The Christian's Quest for Peace." He said: "The Christian's quest for peace is not a quest for the absence of war, but a quest for the presence of God. It is a quest for the normal condition of human living; a quest for the peace of God, which is the peace of Christ. To become at one with each other, all brotherhoods are called—and answered in peace."

**DR. ANDREW PLYMOUTH CONGREGATIONAL**, preached on "The Christian's Quest for Peace." He said: "The Christian's quest for peace is not a quest for the absence of war, but a quest for the presence of God. It is a quest for the normal condition of human living; a quest for the peace of God, which is the peace of Christ. To become at one with each other, all brotherhoods are called—and answered in peace."



## MONDAY MORNING.

## RELIGION.

## THE PREACHERS.

GO INTO THE HIGHWAYS AND  
HEDGES SEEKING SINNERS.

The inevitable result of the great world conflict is already foreboding—right will prevail against might. This was the spirit expressed in various sermons in local pulpits yesterday. When humanly devised systems are permeated with the mind of Christ, then hatred and strife will pass away, declared one of the speakers.

REV. E. F. DAUGHERTY, FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH, DELIVERED A SERMON YESTERDAY MORNING ON "OUR HERITAGE OF PEACE."

"Christ's bequest to the world is peace. It is the normal, rightful condition of human living. It is the heritage of earth's folk today as much as it is and light about the earth they inhabit. They can rend the air with discordant noises, and they can shatter peace with insistent strife. The world can grasp peace in the moment of its wearing the yoke of Christ. To become atonement—'atonement' with each other and with God, all brotherhoods and nations are called—and answering they will find peace."

"The duello, the satanic, the deadly strife in hateful words by gentlemen, the march have been tumbled from our midst; personal differences and estranged men are settled through the arbitrament of courts; national differences in God's good time will come to be settled by arbitrament before peace tribunals, in the parliament of nations with the federation of the world. The millennium of hate between men will pass, as the millennium of the mind of Christ saturates the systems humanly devised."

DR. ANDREWS, PLYMOUTH CONGREGATIONAL, DELIVERED A SERMON YESTERDAY MORNING ON "THE GREATNESS OF AMERICA."

"The greatness of America," was the theme of Dr. George A. Andrews yesterday in Plymouth Congregational Church. He said, in part: "America has become great by gentleness, the word denoting, not weakness, but gentleness, but standing for all the qualities of courtesy, kindness, virility and civility of which we think when we use the word 'gentleman.' Under the guidance of God's gentleness the people of America have become gentlemanly. It is our ideal to be courteous and fair, to live and to let live, to safeguard our own rights and to champion the rights of others."

"The light that is on today is the conflict between an insensate machine of might and the living body of the united champions of right. The cog in the wheel of the machine are trying to stand against the stout-hearted courage and the sacrificial civility of gentlemen. The inevitable result of the conflict is already foreboding. We can say today not only that the machine will be smashed, but that the machine will be smashed. It is being smashed beyond repair by the greatness of the valor"

and the sacrifice of knightly crusaders."

REV. H. B. SMITH, IMMANUEL PRESBYTERIAN.

JESUS CHRIST COMMANDS THAT WE CARRY THE PRINCIPLE OF CO-OPERATION TO THEIR LOGICAL CONCLUSION.

"A New Declaration of Interdependence" was the theme of Rev. Herbert Booth Smith, yesterday, in Immanuel Presbyterian Church. In the course of this sermon, he said:

"The great fact of interdependence applies in national life. Jesus Christ stands today on the highway of the world's hatred, and towers above the wall which nations have built around themselves, and commands that we carry the principle of co-operation on to its logical conclusion. The internationalism of one great dominating power is the very thing we are trying to prevent today. What we want is the internationalism, not of imperialism, but of democracy."

The same great fact of interdependence applies also in the spiritual life. Paul represents the church as a great organism, united and dominated by one common life. Jesus calls His disciples brethren. A brother is a member of your family. The same blood is in his veins and yours. Jesus offers to be your brother and mine. Is it not time that we Christians make a new declaration of interdependence with Him, and rest on Him the burden of seeing the world through this awful conflict, and meantime abide in His love?"

ALICE A. EVANS, KROTONA INSTITUTE.

THESE MUST BE THE PRINCIPLES WHICH SHALL BE THE BASIS OF LIFE.

Mrs. Alice A. Evans spoke yesterday afternoon at Krotona Institute of Theosophy, Hollywood, on the subject of "Justice the Basis of Life." She said, in part: "An investigation of the various great religions will reveal that at all times religions had the great fundamental truths in common. These included the belief in man's repeated incarnations on this earth. This faith is sufficient to reveal the inequality of the position men occupy as the ladder of life as just, for they are in conformity with the law of evolution, which allows sufficient chances and sufficient time for all men to reach the highest goal in justice to all."

OLD CRUISER TO WORK AGAIN.

The old cruiser Newark, which has been out of the service for nearly five years, is to return to the navy again, and will be used as a quarantine ship. The Newark was stricken from the navy register June 26, 1913, and in August that year was put up for sale, but there were no bids, and the following winter it was turned over to the United States Public Health Service for a quarantine ship at Providence, R. I. Now the vessel has been transferred to the quarantine service of the navy, and will be stationed at Newport, R. I., until the close of the war, when it will revert back to the Public Health Service.

The Newark was built in 1887-1891 and did considerable service in and around Cuba, the Philippine Islands and the Central American states, and for a time was stationed at Guantanamo. After being turned over to the Public Health Service, the government spent a large sum of money fitting her up as a quarantine ship, with accommodations for several hundred men. The Newark will be towed from Providence to Newport.—[New York Evening Post.

CAN BE NO PEACE WITH  
UNCRUNSED MILITARISM.Say Very Wrath Which Protects Mankind  
is Wrath Against Its Abusers.

STRONG patriotic sermons were

delivered in many of the Los Angeles pulpits yesterday, the Sunday nearest Independence Day. In various addresses the thought was emphasized that the God of right and justice will sustain the struggle of the nations for the rights of humanity, and that there can be no compromise, and that Kaiserism must be wiped out from the face of the earth. Following are excerpts from some of yesterday's sermons on these themes:

DR. LEWIS THURBER GUILD, EAST HOLLYWOOD METHODIST.

"After the most effective preparation for war ever seen in a year's time, we have a million men in France; ships plenty carrying provisions; airplanes, artillery, munitions; a gigantic engine of war. We are of one heart and mind. Traitors and pacifists have disappeared; spies are interned; we are thinking clearly. We are ready to strike and we possess the will to strike and destroy the empire of the damned. It shall be disarmed so that this can never happen again. There is biblical ground for all of this. When Assyria's Hindenburg was devastating Judah, the prophets who created the Hebrew scriptures heartened their people to war. They established the fact that there can be no lasting peace except it is founded upon justice. The analogy is complete and convincing, excepting Assyrian Kultur was not so merciless and cruel as the Potsdam article."

"Jesus Christ did not promise political peace, but peace of mind amid wars and tribulations. The very love which protects mankind is wrath against the abusers of the race."

"There can be no treaty of peace with an uncrushed militarism because it has deliberately violated the most solemn obligations. If anything is to be saved of civilization we must carry on until democracies take the place of autocracy. Democracies are not warlike and keep their treaties. The word of God is unheeded to make an end of despotism, of Kultur, of militarism. The divine justice which is the inspiration of every just law and impulse in human affairs is a guarantee of the triumph of justice and right. God is with the Allies and the awful price we pay in human lives is similar to, and like that which God pays in the suffering of Jesus Christ, the innocent for the guilty."

"It is the world's Golgotha for the redemption of civilization, and while the Father's face may be hidden in the darkest hour, the light will come back and in the completion of the great sacrifice the world will be freed from war, tyranny and the crime of Kultur."

DR. BRUCE BROWN, SOUTH PARK CHURCH.

"The great world war, with all its devastation, is producing new and inestimable values. Material losses can soon be restored. What we are now gaining could never have come

to us without the price that is being

paid so heroically by our brave men and women.

"We are being taught the value of small savings and the wickedness of waste. A generation can save in the little things more than the war will destroy. A new and true valuation of the rights of the small and distressed peoples has been written into the world's ledger. This alone would be worth all that the war will cost. A new estimation of the worth of the common man is come as a priceless asset. That the rich man can make no claim to exemption over the poor man is the highest and finest expression of our democracy."

DR. W. E. TILBOE, UNIVERSITY METHODIST.

"Is it just fitting that the Sabbath of the nation should be so little more than a picnic, so perfunctory, so much a private, individual week-end affair, so completely a holiday? Who knows but we were asleep that it happened. Who knows how different a world can be that is conscious of God's presence, a safe, and sane, and ideal Fourth of July would be a holy festival. It is better that there be a worth while if with the dawn should come a sense of God in national affairs."

"The great republic did not happen. At a thousand partings of the way the hand that led us was divine. These might have been sadly otherwise without half trying. That we are where we ought to be in the world conflict is no accident. That we are on hand for good reasons, holy reasons, has not come to pass over night. That we are so sturdy united in the goodness is our power and our astonishment. That the Kaiser, crazy to stop us, should be so completely air looks queer. He who would make the earth bite granite has had to begin on his own teeth. The exceeding high mountains where Germany bargains for the kingdoms of the world is black ruin where she falls. It is the smile of the Lord."

"Greatness is but the path of goodness and right. Let us be a nation. The Sunday of a great people should leave it with something better than a headache."

REYNOLD E. BLIGHT, CHURCH OF THE PEOPLE.

"Fenshing's army battling on the fields of Flanders for the protection of France and Belgium, the freeing of the Poles, Slavs and Armenians, and the safeguarding of democracy the world over is a logical result of Bunker Hill and Yorktown."

"No tyrant can set a limit to democracy. Like the conquering waves of the unconquerable sea democracy will batter down every last bulwark of despotism. Democracy is in league with the stars and the eternal tides, and the mightiest war lord is a pitiful creature when he stands in its way. In peace democracy may become weak, sordid and corrupt, but when it is challenged it rises to sublime heights of power, self-sacrifice and patriotism. Never in history has a cynical war lord so badly misjudged the spirit of a people as did the Kaiser in his estimate of the force and morale of the United States."

"We hold the heritage of freedom of all ages and all races. When our men spring over the top with the names of the great liberators on their lips, they speak of John Hampden and Masani, Lafayette and Breckovsk, Cromwell and Washington. To the river of liberty that is now making glad the desert places of the world, carrying its refreshing streams to arid Arabia, to fertile Bohemia, to the crushed and broken Hierarchy of Southern Africa every movement in history toward equality and freedom contributes its part."

"The men of the Liberty Army are the lineal descendants of the patriots who suffered and died for the overthrow of the age-old despotisms and to give humanity freedom. This is the most significant Fourth of July that this nation has celebrated. May God grant that we at home may be as worthy of the great day as the men who are holding aloft the banner of liberty in the trenches of France."

REV. E. S. HODGIN, FIRST UNITARIAN CHURCH.

"What is the price of our democracy? What will we pay for our republic? Rather let it go down? The answer is being given today in the millions of young men who are enlisting in the service and in the billions of money we are pouring into the cause in which our nation is engaged. 'This' we are saying to the world, 'is the price we are willing to pay for the maintenance of our democracy—imperfect and incomplete as it is.'"

"If it is then worth so much to us in its present state, let us resolve to make it worth more by purifying it of the corruption and evil practices and incompetency that so often take possession of it, bringing down the price of democracy in the world. If it is worth so much to us, let us be resolved that it shall no longer be the hiding ground and the refuge for the reckless and conscienceless adventurers and exploiters from all parts of the world. If it is worth so much to us, let us raise the price of admission to it by raising the standard of Americanization, both to those who come to us from without. Let us make our democracy worth more, by everyone of us resolving to be more earnest, intelligent, and zealous citizens than we have been in the past."

Our minister says that Satan was the first conqueror, and his first camouflage was in the Garden of Eden. Very true, and he has not lost his skill, but is still engaged in the same business. And one of his favorite tricks is to make someone else to represent him, while he himself, with horns covered by a high silk hat, and hoofs concealed in patent leather boots, takes us by the arm and marches us off to willingly carry out his orders.

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OBSERVE BIRTHDAY OF

ZIONISTS' FOUNDER.

LOCAL JEWS LAUD MEMORY OF

DR. HERZL, LEADER OF

MOVEMENT.

Commemorating the fifty-eighth birthday of Dr. Theodore Herzl, the leader of the Zionist movement, who died in 1904, various programmes were presented by Zionists throughout the city yesterday. In the afternoon a performance of "Bar Kochba," probably the most noted and beloved of the Jewish people, was given at Clune's Auditorium by Progressive Music and Drama Club. The place, which deals with the fall of Jerusalem, was written by Abraham Goldfaden, the Jewish Puccini. The presentation was directed by the Rev. J. Weinstein of the Congregation.

In the evening a meeting was held at the Congregation Beth Israel, which was presided over by Louis M. Cole, Food Administrator, who is president of the Nathan Straus Palestine Advancement Society. The address of the evening was by Dr. Isaac Werne, rabbi of the congregation, who spoke on the life and personality of Dr. Herzl, and predicted that the Jewish people will make possible a Zionist nation for his fellows, stating that each day of conflict brings just that much nearer the realization of such a hope. Dr. I. G. Reynolds, a notable local Zionist, spoke of the Zionist movement in Los Angeles, and told of the activity of the Zionist societies. He was supported in his talk by representatives of the Ahmadi, or orthodox, and the Young Zionist Association. A memorial prayer was chanted by Cantor Rev. Lev, and A. Shapiro, president of the Ahmadi Zion Society, spoke.

TO PAY OLD DEBT

AND BUILD ADDITION.

At one of the most enthusiastic meetings ever held in a Huntington Park church, members of the First Methodist Church yesterday morning subscribed \$5500 to liquidate the old debt on the present house of worship and to build an addition to the edifice. Within the last three years the church has grown in membership from about 100 to 400 members, and of the thousand or more people present yesterday many who are not members contributed.

One Sunday-school class alone contributed \$800 and many of the prominent members gave from \$75 to \$100. The speakers were Rev. Hugh Gibson, pastor, and Rev. J. S. Hughes, former pastor. Music was furnished by the Bethel Jubilee Club members, who sang "The Old Flag," "Somewhere in France" and other patriotic songs, as well as many old negro melodies.

GRAUMAN'S  
MILLION DOLLAR THEATRE  
Broadway at ThirdWm. S. Hart  
in "SELFISH YATES".  
An Artcraft Photoplay.PROGRAM  
ONE WEEK ONLY. Starts Monday, July 1, 1918

1. Overture, "Festival March," Grauman's Symphony Orchestra, Arthur Kay, Director
2. Chorus of Ten Voices in Selected Numbers
3. Grauman's Educational Weekly
4. "Smiles," Played for the First Time, Jesse Crawford, Organist
5. Bartlett's "Dream," Sung by the Operatic Baritone, Frank Murphy
6. Mack Sennett's Comedy, "Her Screen Idol"
7. GRAUMAN'S PICTORIAL WEEKLY  
Compiled by management from Grauman's News and Graphic and the two current Mutual Weeklies.
8. Grauman's Presents the Artcraft Photoplay,

WILLIAM S. HART  
Famous exponent of Western life, in  
"Selfish Yates"

A real old-fashioned "thriller" that'll make your blood run a little faster and send you home treading on air.

Continuous performance from 11:15 a. m. to 11:15 p. m.  
Matinee every afternoon, 15 and 25 cents.  
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STATEMENT  
SECURITY TRUST  
& SAVINGS BANKSAVINGS COMMERCIAL TRUST  
OLDEST AND LARGEST SAVINGS BANK IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA

July 1, 1918

RESOURCES LIABILITIES

Loans	\$28,708,063.18	Capital	\$1,800,000.00
Bonds	12,047,800.77	Surplus	1,100,000.00
U. S. Liberty Bonds and Treasury Certificates	3,042,150.00	Undivided Profits	738,153.09
Real Estate	271,209.34	Letters of Credit	7,242.00
Bank Premises	874,906.89	Deposits	52,059,398.73
Furniture and Fixtures	235,000.00	(Commercial, \$ 4,856,682.73)	
Safe Deposit Department and Vaults	204,009.00	(Savings, 47,202,716.00)	
Customers' Liability under Letters of Credit	7,242.00	Customers' Payments Account Liberty Bonds	466,034.50
Cash on Hand and in Banks	10,780,447.14		
Total	\$56,170,828.32	Total	\$56,170,828.32

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"As Many Deposit Accounts as There Are Homes in Los Angeles."

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H. W. Little, Asst. Secretary  
L. H. Roseberry, Trust Attorney  
G. M. Martin, Asst. Trust Attorney  
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M. S. Heilman

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W. J. Washburn  
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Fifth and Spring  
EQUITABLE BRANCH  
First and Spring

## — A GOOD RECORD —

OUR records show that to date

over twenty thousand of our patrons have bought Liberty Bonds through this institution, aggregating the magnificent sum of four million dollars, while other thousands of patriotic people of more limited means have been consistently buying War Savings Stamps.

The Government has expressed its thanks to us for the service of collecting and remitting this large sum, entirely at the bank's expense.

We wish to express to this multitude of subscribers our deep appreciation of their co-operation in establishing this good record, and also to express our preparedness and willingness to assist them with equal facility and efficiency in other financial transactions.

Condensed Statement of Conditions July 1, 1918

RESOURCES	LIABILITIES
On Hand	Deposits
Cash required by	Capital
Cash, in excess of that required by law	Surplus
U. S. Government Bonds and Treasury Certificates	Undivided Profits
Liquid Commercial Paper	Reserved for Taxes
Bonds	
Loans	
Safe Deposit Vaults	
Furniture and Fixtures	
Real Estate	
Other Assets	
\$25,008,353.59	\$25,008,353.59

## Guaranty TRUST &amp; SAVINGS Bank

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# Latest Activities in the Fields of Oil, Mines and Finance Briefly Reviewed

## STEADY OUTPUT FROM OATMAN.

Work Progresses on All the Active Properties.

United Eastern Hoist Now Reaches Eighth Level.

Gold Ore to Increase Amount of Mineral Treated.

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.)

OATMAN (Ariz.) June 29.—It is

work is progressing on all the active Oatman properties without unusual incidents or deviation from the usual formula. At the United Eastern, the main working hoist has now been extended down to the lowest, or eighth level, 1090 feet below the collar. The auxiliary hoist installed for the purpose of sinking the last 100 feet, has been taken out. Work now being prosecuted on the two lower levels. On the new seventh level, a crosscut is being advanced towards the vein, and on the eighth level drifting and crosscutting is under way.

The Bald Eagle and Gray Eagle ore bodies of the Tom Reed Gold Mines Company will be opened up 150 feet below the 525-foot level by a crosscut from the Bald Eagle shaft, as soon as the sinking of the shaft to this point is completed. The sinking of the shaft had to be abandoned because of the heavy flow of water encountered. The Bald Eagle shaft has already been lowered about 100 feet below the 525-foot level and the work of opening up the new vein at the lower level will be prosecuted with all possible dispatch.

TO INCREASE OUTPUT.

Within thirty days it is expected that the Gold Road Mines Company will be treating 100 tons of ore daily. The ore will be crushed at the new plant installed at the mouth of the Line Road tunnel, and the pulp will be conveyed to the old mill by a pipe line for gravitation. Practically all the preliminary work has been finished, including the new crushing plant. Considerable time will be required, however, to place in cyanide plant in working order as it has been idle for more than two years.

The Record Lode shaft is now being lowered towards the 500-foot level at the rate of four feet daily. The objective should be reached before September when the vein will be thoroughly explored at that level.

TO EXPLORE CLAIM.

Canning Bros., who have had extensive experience in diamond drilling all over the country, have taken an extensive contract to thoroughly explore the Bald Eagle Central claim and are now working with a complete equipment.

After the present lot of ore has been run through the Gold Road mill no more will be sent from the Gold Ore mine until extensive development work has been completed. This consists of drifting westward on the 550-foot level and eastward on the 500-foot level. The 500-foot level is now within 150 feet of the old shaft sunk to a depth of 600 feet in the early days of the Oatman history.

On July 1, the Gold Road will take over the mill, but arrangements have been made for treating ore from the Gold Ore, when ready for shipment.

Mining.

REPORTS FROM CHLORIDE FIELD SHOWS ACTIVITY.

THE Schuykill Mining Company, which is operating the Schuykill-Tennessee mines at Chloride has completed the installation of its plant at the Tennessee mine, which will serve all purposes for pumping, mining, hoisting and milling. All machinery at the property will hereafter be electrically driven, effecting a great saving in the expense of operation, the former plant, operated by steam, having been very expensive.

Both the Schuykill and Tennessee are now served with power from the Tennessee mine, the host at the Schuykill being operated with air from the compressor on the Tennessee.

The two mines are now being connected up by the extension of the 850-foot level from the Tennessee, from which an upraise will be made to the 850-foot level of the Schuykill, thus permitting the water from both mines to be lifted by the same plant on the Tennessee. This will effect a considerable saving and will also give fine air to both mines.

R. M. Martin, president of the Arizona Ore Reduction Company, has received word from Chloride that the company's new 25-hp mill was started on the 28th, and that three shifts will be used as soon as they are ready. The installation of the big electric motors. The recent find of four feet of exceptional lead-silver ore has attracted the attention of old-time residents of Chloride, and considerable numbers have visited the property in the past week.

Mr. Martin states that his company has developed fully 100,000 tons of ore and that on the evening of July 18, a large party of Los Angeles stockholders and others interested in Chloride will leave for a thorough inspection of Chloride and especially the mine and milling plants of the company under his management.

John B. Hughes, president of the Hughes Arizona Copper Company, announces for the first time the result of assays made on the high-grade silver ore recently opened in their property at Chloride. While the find was made over two weeks ago, the management refused to give out assay values until such time as the extent of the ore could

## HIGH PRODUCTION.

Arizona Copper Output Now More than United States is Sending Overseas.

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.)

DOUGLAS (Ariz.) June 29.—It is

a source of pride among Arizona smelter men that Arizona now is turning out more copper than the nation is shipping to Europe. In fact, the Arizona production is 20,000,000 pounds a month more than exports, which now are decreasing, compared with the peak figures of last year. Possibly some copper is being displaced at present by the necessity for shipping men and supplies, though there is no better ballast freight than bullion, but the more potent reason given is that the United States now is shipping more copper in the form of manufactured products.

A tremendous economic waste is known continually at every Arizona smelter, except the McIntire & Arizona and Arizona Copper. The sulphur fumes that pour from the smelter smokestack, while arsenic is a serious by-product, could be separated at need. The C. & A. has a market for its acid within its own organization, for the leaching of 430 carbonate ores, with a small surplus for outside sale. The Copper Queen smelter here could be fitted up in the same manner and the market for the output is not a sure or profitable one, even considering the war needs. There is some suggestion that such an acid production might be harnessed in the manufacture of fertilizer.

ROYAL DUTCH TO BUY GENERAL ASPHALT?

Recent buying of Royal Dutch Petroleum stock in this market has been largely for foreign account.

The Wall Street Journal of New York, June 29, contains a report that the Royal Dutch Petroleum Company, which owns oil lands in Europe, and local people interested in the stock offer for the most part no more than rumors, are planning to acquire the General Asphalt Company, which owns oil lands in Venezuela, where the Royal Dutch Company already has large oil land holdings. It also has a 1500-barrel refinery at Curacao and a 1200-barrel refinery at Mene Grande, Venezuela.

Active.

SOUTHERN FIELDS FEEL OIL DEMAND IMPETUS.

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.)

FULLERTON, June 30.—The

close of the month of June brings news that many new wells are about to start drilling for oil, while in the past month the production of the southern fields has been increased by four good wells. The local field added two wells of 500 barrels each and the Montebello field added one of 2100 barrels. Every locality that has a possibility of oil is being developed, and by wildcatting, but by the producing companies. The industry here is carried along on scientific lines by men of wide experience, and the fields are protected and the lands conserved to the advantage of the industry.

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## RARE MINERALS. METALLURGY. CHEMISTRY.

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.)

DOUGLAS (Ariz.) June 29.—It is

a source of pride among Arizona smelter men that Arizona now is turning out more copper than the nation is shipping to Europe. In fact, the Arizona production is 20,000,000 pounds a month more than exports, which now are decreasing, compared with the peak figures of last year. Possibly some copper is being displaced at present by the necessity for shipping men and supplies, though there is no better ballast freight than bullion, but the more potent reason given is that the United States now is shipping more copper in the form of manufactured products.

A tremendous economic waste is known continually at every Arizona smelter, except the McIntire & Arizona and Arizona Copper. The sulphur fumes that pour from the smelter smokestack, while arsenic is a serious by-product, could be separated at need. The C. & A. has a market for its acid within its own organization, for the leaching of 430 carbonate ores, with a small surplus for outside sale. The Copper Queen smelter here could be fitted up in the same manner and the market for the output is not a sure or profitable one, even considering the war needs. There is some suggestion that such an acid production might be harnessed in the manufacture of fertilizer.

ROYAL DUTCH TO BUY GENERAL ASPHALT?

Recent buying of Royal Dutch Petroleum stock in this market has been largely for foreign account.

The Wall Street Journal of New York, June 29, contains a report that the Royal Dutch Petroleum Company, which owns oil lands in Europe, and local people interested in the stock offer for the most part no more than rumors, are planning to acquire the General Asphalt Company, which owns oil lands in Venezuela, where the Royal Dutch Company already has large oil land holdings. It also has a 1500-barrel refinery at Curacao and a 1200-barrel refinery at Mene Grande, Venezuela.

Active.

SOUTHERN FIELDS FEEL OIL DEMAND IMPETUS.

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.)

FULLERTON, June 30.—The

close of the month of June brings news that many new wells are about to start drilling for oil, while in the past month the production of the southern fields has been increased by four good wells. The local field added two wells of 500 barrels each and the Montebello field added one of 2100 barrels. Every locality that has a possibility of oil is being developed, and by wildcatting, but by the producing companies. The industry here is carried along on scientific lines by men of wide experience, and the fields are protected and the lands conserved to the advantage of the industry.

Mining.

REPORTS FROM CHLORIDE FIELD SHOWS ACTIVITY.

THE Schuykill Mining Company, which is operating the Schuykill-Tennessee mines at Chloride has completed the installation of its plant at the Tennessee mine, which will serve all purposes for pumping, mining, hoisting and milling. All machinery at the property will hereafter be electrically driven, effecting a great saving in the expense of operation, the former plant, operated by steam, having been very expensive.

Both the Schuykill and Tennessee are now served with power from the Tennessee mine, the host at the Schuykill being operated with air from the compressor on the Tennessee.

The two mines are now being connected up by the extension of the 850-foot level from the Tennessee, from which an upraise will be made to the 850-foot level of the Schuykill, thus permitting the water from both mines to be lifted by the same plant on the Tennessee. This will effect a considerable saving and will also give fine air to both mines.

R. M. Martin, president of the Arizona Ore Reduction Company, has received word from Chloride that the company's new 25-hp mill was started on the 28th, and that three shifts will be used as soon as they are ready. The installation of the big electric motors. The recent find of four feet of exceptional lead-silver ore has attracted the attention of old-time residents of Chloride, and considerable numbers have visited the property in the past week.

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# To Motormen and Conductors Pacific Electric Railway

You have been asked by outside steam line union agitators to strike, *with no reason except to secure recognition of unions.*

Do *YOU* know what that means?

It means aid to the Huns. It means efforts to cripple transportation to Los Angeles Harbor and thereby cripple ship construction; yet more and more ships, AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE, are vital that our Southern California boys, on European battlefields, be not helplessly slaughtered.

Do *YOU* stand for that?

It means an attempt to cripple service to our Army and Navy at the Harbor.

Do *you* stand for that?

Your wages have been raised five times voluntarily in thirty months—you who were in service in December, 1915, are getting on the average more than 40% increase since that date.

Is *that* unfair?

You are making on the average in street car service \$125 per month; interurban passenger service \$135 per month, and in freight service \$167 per month.

Your wages have been fixed on the exact basis of increase recommended by the National Railroad Wage Commission as adopted by the Director General of Federal Railroads. This was voluntary—the Pacific Electric is not a Federal road.

Don't you know that, according to the National Railroad Wage Commission report in December last year, 51% of the railroad employees of the United States received *less* than \$75 per month and 80% less than \$100 per month—and only 3% over \$150 per month?

Are not our wages living wages?

You get paid by the hour, so every hour you put in represents gain to you. Have you in mind what the National Railroad Commission said in its report of April 30th, as to hours of service during the war? It said—

"Manifestly, therefore, at this time, when men must be constantly taken from the railroads, as from all other industries, to fill the growing needs of the nation's army, hours of labor cannot be shortened and thereby a greater number of men be required for railroad work. The nation cannot, in good faith, call upon the farmers and the miners to work as never before, and press

themselves to unusual tasks, and at the same time so shorten the hours of railroad men as to call from farm and mine additional and unskilled men to run the railroads.

"The Commission does not believe that the railroad employees really want thus to hamper the transportation facilities of the country in its hour of need."

Anything *WRONG* in this?

Do you know that in the President's Proclamation of March 29th last, incorporating as a part thereof the principles and policies to govern relations between workers and employers during the war, as adopted by the National War Labor Board, the one most emphasized was:

"*THERE SHOULD BE NO STRIKES OR LOCK-OUTS DURING THE WAR.*"

Do you know also, in the same Proclamation, it is stated that workers "shall not use coercive measures of any kind to induce persons to join their organizations, nor to induce employers to bargain or deal therewith?"

And that a policy by a company of dealing *only* with its own employees under "open shop" conditions shall *NOT* be deemed a grievance?

Are *YOU* going to *violate* these policies?

Are *YOU* going to be a party to a plan to tie up Southern California industries essential to winning the war by tying up transportation, *AND THUS HELP THE ENEMY?*

*I don't believe you are.* As for the Pacific Electric Railway, it has an obligation to meet; to keep its service going; to take care of passenger service to industries; to protect all its loyal employees, *AND THESE THINGS WILL BE DONE.*

I ask you to reflect carefully before you act. Consider this situation from the viewpoint of patriotic Americans who want a clean record through the war; one you will be proud of and that your children will be proud of.

Paul Shoup,  
President,  
PACIFIC ELECTRIC RAILWAY CO.



